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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/671,595	09/29/2003	Atsushi Sakurai	1341.1162	8549	
21171 STAAS & HA	7590 · · · 01/23/2007	•	EXAMINER		
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005		•	BOYCE, ANDRE D		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
2 MC	NITUS	01/23/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			71,595	SAKURAI ET AL.				
			niner	Art Unit				
		Andre	Boyce	3623				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication of the co	ation appears o	n the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	dress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAINS OF THE M	ILING DATE OF 37 CFR 1.136(a). In sication. tory period will apply a II, by statute, cause the	F THIS COMMUI no event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) M se application to become	NICATION.  a reply be timely filed  ONTHS from the mailing date of this co ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status		·						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 02 Novemb	er 2006.					
· ·		) ☐ This action	<del></del>					
3)□	atters, prosecution as to the	merits is						
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the appl	lication.		•				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	□ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or electi	on requirement.					
Applicat	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the I	Examiner.						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		or b) objected t	o by the Examiner.				
-,	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	_	* *	• •	R 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to b	y the Examine	r. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PT	O-152.			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority do				_			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	•		en received in this National	Stage			
* 0	application from the Internationa	•						
	See the attached detailed Office action to	for a list of the (	centinea copies n	ot received.	·			
Attach—	*/a\							
Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Intende	v Summary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC	D-948)	Paper N	o(s)/Mail Date				
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		5)	f Informal Patent Application				

Art Unit: 3623

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

- This Final office action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed November
   2, 2006. Claims 1 and 3-5 have been amended. Claims 6 and 7 have been added
   and claims 1-7 are pending.
- 2. Applicant's arguments filed November 2, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 4. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Jenkins et al (US 2002/0188499).

As per claim 1, Jenkins et al disclose a computer program for realizing supply-demand planning in a supply chain (i.e., fulfillment system 100 allowing users to match flow of supply to demand by creating an optimal inventory strategy, ¶ 0013), the computer program making a computer execute: fetching switching information (i.e., level of each SKU and planned arrivals/orders, ¶ 0039) corresponding to a base (i.e., destination and/or source, ¶ 0039) and an item (i.e., SKU) from a table, which contains the switching information corresponding to the base and the item

Art Unit: 3623

(i.e., sourcing table in database 600, wherein planning component 210 determines a level for each SKU, including destinations and sources that replenish the SKU, ¶ 0039); and performing selectively, depending upon the switching information (i.e., depending on data, the system uses one of two styles of aggregation forecast or inventory, ¶¶ 0083-84), a supply-demand planning per order (i.e., the planning component 210 generates planned orders to cover demand that occurs, ¶ 0048) or a supply-demand planning based on total amount of orders (i.e., any demand that occurs within a period is aggregated together and met with a single planned order, ¶ 0048).

As per claim 2, Jenkins et al disclose calculating and accumulating all amounts of orders for the item to obtain the total amount of orders (i.e., planning component 210 processes all demand for a SKU, ¶ 0039).

Claim 3 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 1, since it is the method claim corresponding to the computer program claim. In addition, Jenkins et al discloses creating a table containing switching information corresponding to a base and an item (i.e., sourcing table in database 600, wherein planning component 210 determines a level for each SKU, including destinations and sources that replenish the SKU, ¶ 0039).

Claim 4 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 1, since it is the computer readable recording medium claim corresponding to the computer program claim.

As per claim 5, Jenkins et al disclose a computer program for making supplydemand planning for each base (i.e., destination and/or source, ¶ 0039) in a supply

Art Unit: 3623

chain (i.e., fulfillment system 100 allowing users to match flow of supply to demand by creating an optimal inventory strategy, ¶ 0013) in which a plurality of bases are cascaded (i.e., higher level SKUs consisting of a plurality of source SKUs, ¶ 0039), the computer program making a computer to execute: processing a procurementdriven planning in which the supply-demand planning is made for a plurality of bases associated with an order unit (i.e., planning component 210 processes all demand for a SKU, including higher level SKUs that have a plurality of sources, ¶ 0039); processing a manufacturing-driven planning in which the supply-demand planning is made based on a total amount of orders for a specific base (i.e., the planning component adjusts scheduling based upon total shipments for a source, ¶¶ 0044-45); and making the supply-demand planning for the whole supply chain by selectively (i.e., depending on data, the system uses one of two styles of aggregation forecast or inventory, ¶¶ 0083-84) using the procurement-driven planning (i.e., the planning component 210 generates planned orders to cover demand that occurs, ¶ 0048) or the manufacturing-driven planning (i.e., any demand that occurs within a period is aggregated together and met with a single planned order, ¶ 0048) based on switching information that is managed associated with a combination of a base and an item (i.e., level of each SKU and planned arrivals/orders, ¶ 0039).

As per claim 6, Jenkins et al disclose a supply-demand planning system (i.e., fulfillment system 100 allowing users to match flow of supply to demand by creating an optimal inventory strategy, ¶ 0013) comprising: a table of orders, each order

Application/Control Number: 10/671,595 Page 5

Art Unit: 3623

relating to an item and an entity storing or producing the item within a supply chain, the order including switching information related to either a procurement-driven supply-demand planning or a manufacturing-driven supply-demand planning (i.e., sourcing table in database 600, wherein planning component 210 determines a level for each SKU, including destinations and sources that replenish the SKU, ¶ 0039); and a planning unit that generates a supply-demand plan according to the procurement-driven supply-demand planning (i.e., planning component 210 processes all demand for a SKU, including higher level SKUs that have a plurality of sources, ¶ 0039) or the manufacturing-driven supply-demand planning associated with the switching information (i.e., the planning component adjusts scheduling based upon total shipments for a source, ¶¶ 0044-45).

As per claim 7, Jenkins et al disclose at least one of: a database storing data related to entities in the supply chain and items produced or stored therein (i.e., database 600, ¶ 0019); and a procurement-driven engine and a management-driven engine controlled by the planning unit to make the supply-demand plan (i.e., distribution module 200, ¶ 0027).

## Response to Arguments

5. In the Remarks, Applicant argues, with respect to claims 1, 3 and 4, that Jenkins et al does not teach or suggest performing selectively, depending upon the switching information, a supply-demand planning per order or a supply-demand planning based on total amount of order. The Examiner respectfully disagrees and submits

Art Unit: 3623

that Jenkins et al disclose depending on data, the system uses one of two styles of aggregation forecast or inventory (¶¶ 0083-84), thus indeed disclosing performing selectively, depending upon the switching information, a supply-demand planning per order or a supply-demand planning based on total amount of order.

With respect to claim 3, Applicant also argues that claim 3 includes creating a table containing switching information corresponding to a base and an item, thus making it distinct from claim 1. The Examiner submits that Jenkins et al disclose sourcing table in database 600, wherein planning component 210 determines a level for each SKU, including destinations and sources that replenish the SKU (¶ 0039) and system 100 displaying a table presenting projections for the distributed network sourced from a SKU for a specific time period (¶ 0081), thus indeed disclosing creating a table containing switching information corresponding to a base and an item.

With respect to claim 4, Applicant also argues that the claim is patentable over Jenkins et al by reciting fetching switching information corresponding to a base and an item from a table. The Examiner respectfully disagrees and submits that Jenkins et al discloses fetching switching information (i.e., level of each SKU and planned arrivals/orders, ¶ 0039) corresponding to a base (i.e., destination and/or source, ¶ 0039) and an item (i.e., SKU) from a table, which contains the switching information corresponding to the base and the item (i.e., sourcing table in database 600, wherein planning component 210 determines a level for each SKU, including destinations and sources that replenish the SKU, ¶ 0039).

Art Unit: 3623

With respect to claim 5, Applicant argues that the claim is patentable over

Jenkins et al by reciting making the supply-demand planning for the whole supply
chain by selectively using the procurement-driven planning or the manufacturingdriven planning based on switching information that is managed associated with a
combination of a base and an item. The Examiner respectfully disagrees and
submits that Jenkins et al disclose making the supply-demand planning for the whole
supply chain by selectively (i.e., depending on data, the system uses one of two
styles of aggregation forecast or inventory, ¶¶ 0083-84) using the procurementdriven planning (i.e., the planning component 210 generates planned orders to cover
demand that occurs, ¶ 0048) or the manufacturing-driven planning (i.e., any demand
that occurs within a period is aggregated together and met with a single planned
order, ¶ 0048) based on switching information that is managed associated with a
combination of a base and an item (i.e., level of each SKU and planned
arrivals/orders, ¶ 0039).

Page 7

With respect to new claims 6 and 7, Applicant argues that the claims are patentable over Jenkins et al. The Examiner respectfully disagrees and submits that Jenkins et al discloses the limitations of the claims as seen in the above rejection.

#### Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Application/Control Number: 10/671,595 Page 8

Art Unit: 3623

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andre Boyce whose telephone number is (571) 272-6726. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on (571) 272-6729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3623

Page 9

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

adb January 17, 2007 ANDRE BOKE
PATENT EXAMINED
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